Farm Acreage Summary

Operator: Wayne Revell

Location: Accomack

Landowner	Site	Latitude	Longitude	Field	Acreage Total	Acreage Usable	Environmentally Sensitive Soils
Alula Marshall Trust Richard Marshall	F-108 **T-7579**	N37° 54' 78"	W75° 30' 81"	1	37.7	31.32	YES
Margaret Revell Stevens	F-112 **T-7586**	N37° 54' 69"	W75° 31' 08"	2, 3	42.6	31.16	YES
Alula Marshall	F-108 **T-7580**	N37° 54' 06"	W75° 29' 93"	1	22.4	17.87	YES
Kenneth Thomas Luanne T. Eagler	F-4774 **T-7525**	N37° 53' 32"	W75° 30' 67"	1	28.2	19.6	YES
William Lazenby	F-4847 **T-7493**	N37° 53' 26"	W75° 30' 75"	1	28.5	22.68	YES
Margaret Revell Wayne Revell	F-112 **T-7587**	N37° 54' 88"	W75° 29' 53"	2, 3, 5	26.5	14.27	YES
Brandon Stapleton	F-3490 **T-77105**	N37° 53' 62"	W75° 30' 71"	3	40.5	32.09	YES
				Total:	**226.4**	**169.43**	

USDA United States Department of Agriculture

Accomack County, Virginia

Revell

Farm 112

Tract 7586

2023 Program Year

Map Created June 27, 2023

Wetland Determination Identifiers

- Restricted Use
- Limited Restrictions
- Exempt from Conservation Compliance Provisions

Tract Cropland Total: 42.60 acres

~~30~~ 31.16

United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Farm Service Agency (FSA) maps are for FSA Program administration only. This map does not represent a legal survey or reflect actual ownership; rather it depicts the information provided directly from the producer and/or National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP) imagery. The producer accepts the data 'as is' and assumes all risks associated with its use. USDA-FSA assumes no responsibility for actual or consequential damage incurred as a result of any user's reliance on this data outside FSA Programs. Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape, or specific determination of the area. Refer to your original determination (CPA-026 and attached maps) for exact boundaries and determinations or contact USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).

USDA United States Department of Agriculture

Accomack County, Virginia

Farm 108

Tract 7579

Imagery Source:
USDA National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP)
Acquisition Year - 2021

2022 Program Year

Map Created May 11, 2022

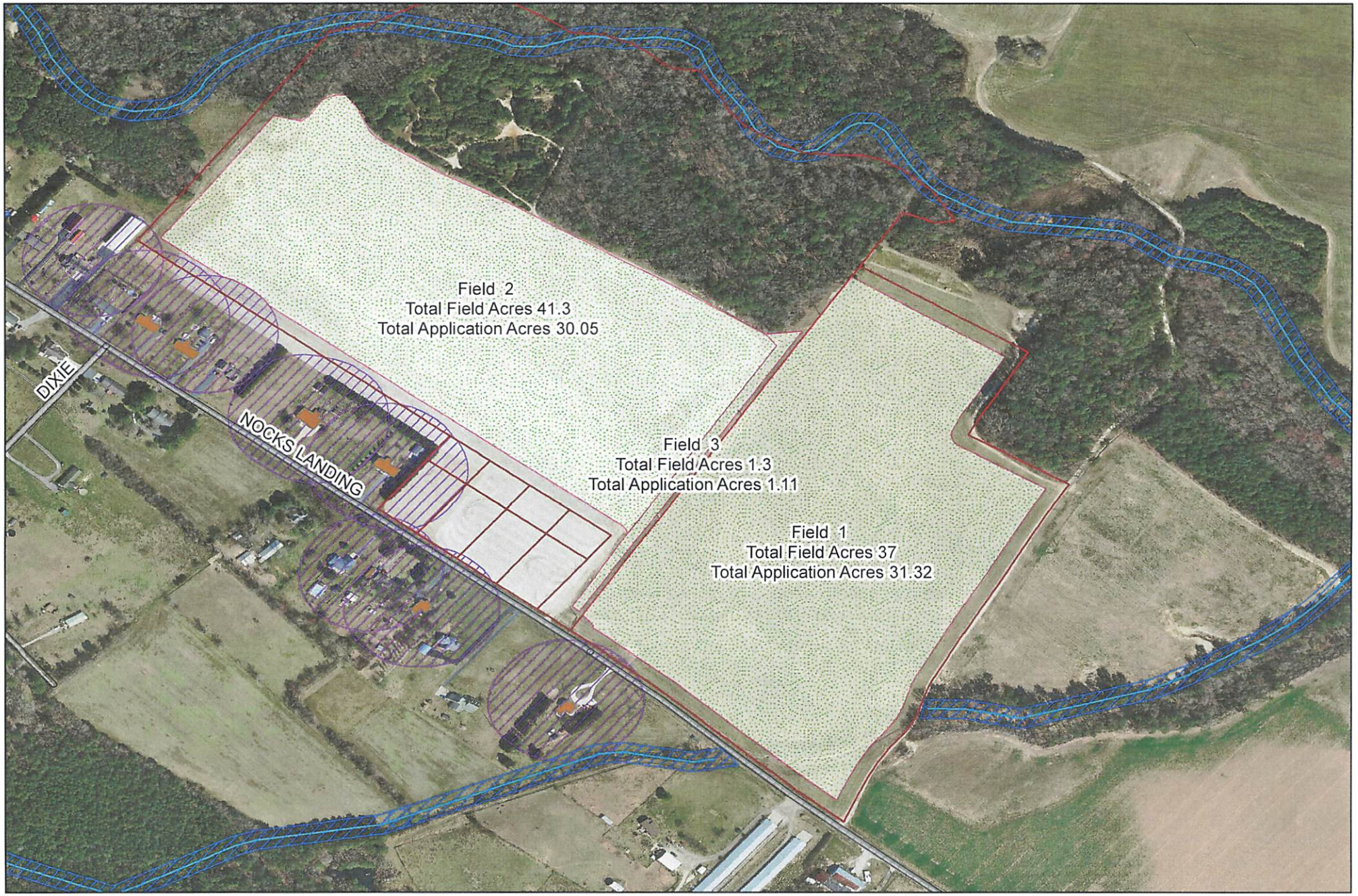
Common Land Unit

- Cropland
- Tract Boundary
- rcl_l_va001

Wetland Determination Identifiers

- Restricted Use
- Limited Restrictions
- Exempt from Conservation Compliance Provisions

Tract Cropland Total: 37.70 acres



Legend

- Road 10 Ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
- Application Area
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads

Farm: 112, 108
Tract: 7586, 7579

Revell

Total Field Acres:
Feld 1: 37
Field 2: 41.3
Field 3: 1.3

Total Application Acres:
Field 1: 31.32
Field 2: 30.05
Field 3: 1.11

N W E S

0 150 300 600 Feet

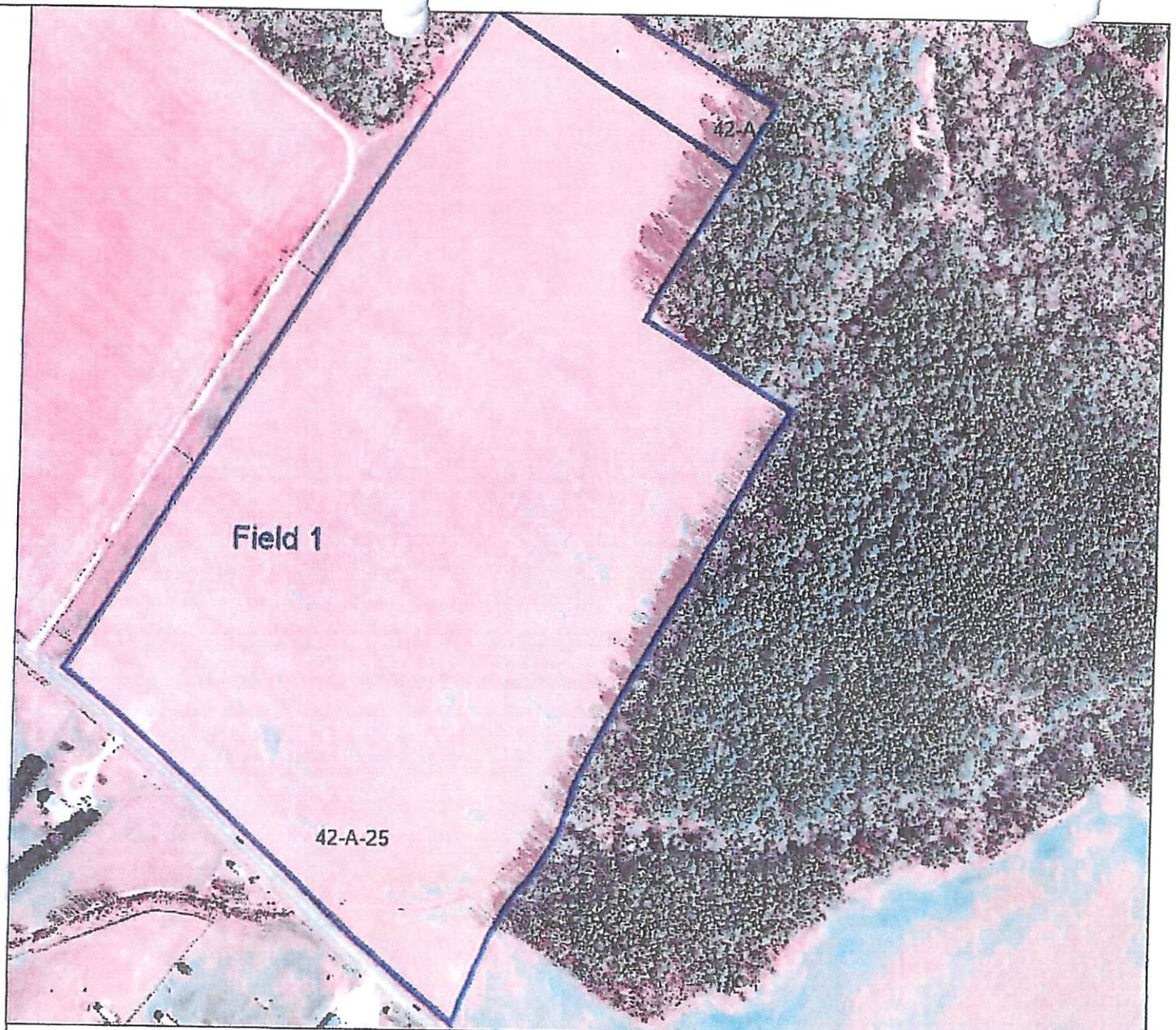
1 inch = 467 feet

Legend

Tax Parcel #/Owner:

42-A-25: Alula Marshall Trust

42-A-25A: Richard Marshall



Map Printed from AccoMap
http://accomack.mapsdirect.net/

Feet

0 100 200 300 400

1:4,514 / 1"=376 Feet

Title: Wayne Revell - Marshall Field 1 Tax Map F 108 T 7579 **Date: 9/26/2016**

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 11/1/20 between Richard Marshall referred to here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods, referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
42-17-25A T7579 (partial)			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids	Water treatment residuals	Food processing waste	Other industrial sludges
☐ Yes ☒ No	☐ Yes ☒ No	☑ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name / By:	Mailing Address	Landowner Signature
Richard Marshall		Richard Marshall
Title*	Phone No.	

*☐ I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc.

*☐ I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia.

The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name	Mailing Address	Permittee-Authorized Representative Signature
Kevin Taylor	P.O. Box 8 Temperanceville, VA 23442	Kevin Taylor
Title Complex Manager	Phone No. 757-824-3471	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Richard Marshall

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.

2. Public Access
   a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
   b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
   c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.

3. Crop Restrictions:
   a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
   b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil,
   c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
   d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
   e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).

4. Livestock Access Restrictions:
   Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:
   a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
   b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
   c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;

5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Landowner's Signature 11/12/20
Date

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Landowner Coordination Form

This form is used by the Permittee to identify properties (tax parcels) that are authorized to receive biosolids and/or industrial residuals, and each of the legal landowners of those tax parcels. A *Land Application Agreement - Biosolids and Industrial Residuals* form with original signature must be attached for each legal landowner identified below prior to land application at the identified parcels.

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page

Tax Parcel ID(s)	Landowner(s)
42 - A - 25 H	Richard Marshall

Rev 6/11/2018b

Accomack County, Virginia

Legend

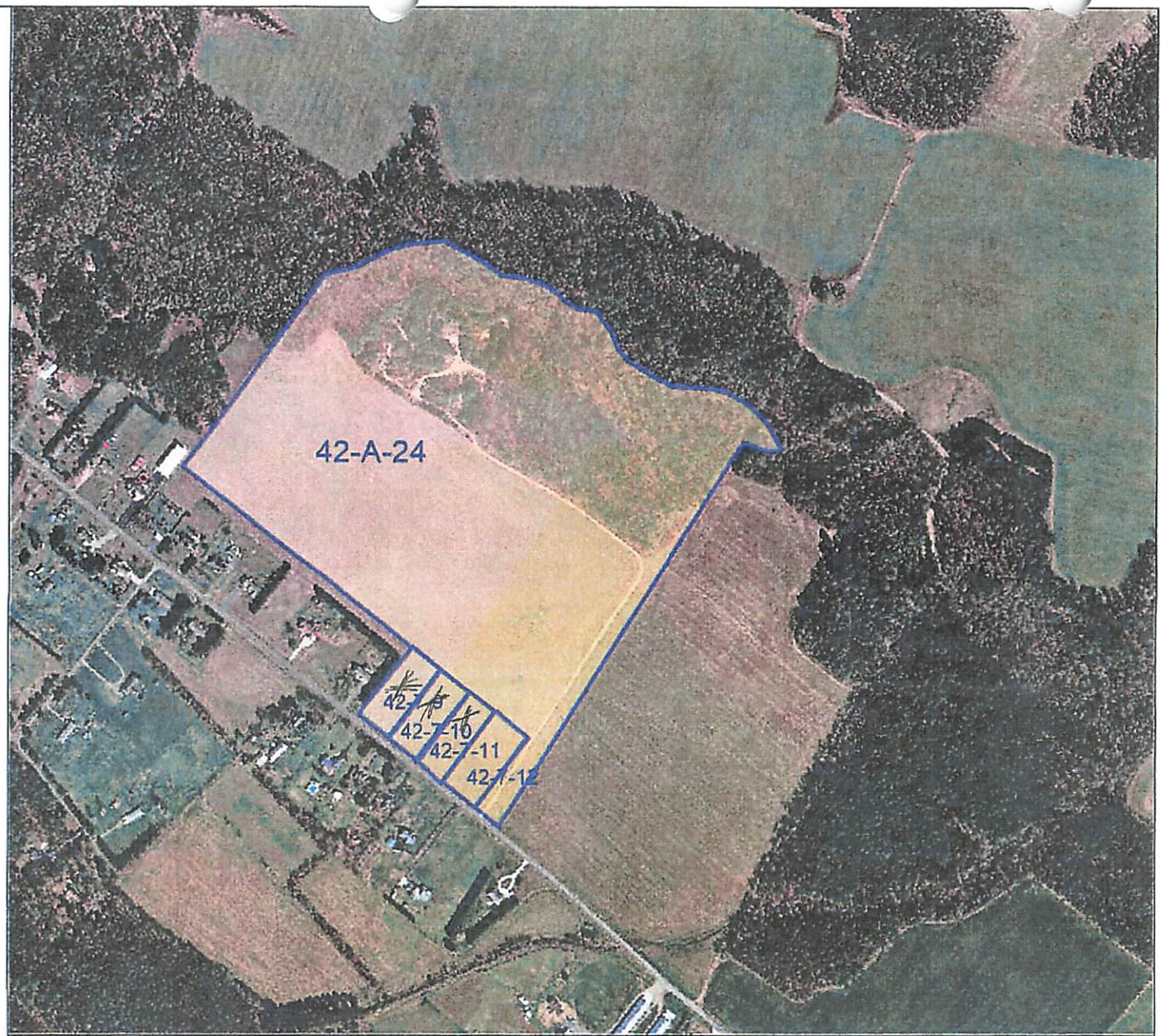
Tax Parcel 42-A-24
Owner: Margaret Revell

Tax Parcel 42-7-9
Owner: Joseph or Bernadette Weatherly

Tax Parcels 42-7-10, 42-7-11
Owner: Bruce Holland Trust and Frederick Holland Trust

Tax Parcel 42-7-12
Owner: Margaret Stephens

Operator: Wayne Revell



Map Printed from AccoMap
http://accomack.mapsdirect.net/

Feet
0 200 400 600 800

Title: Farm 112 Tract 7586 Field 1

Date: 9/14/2020

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack County is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 4/2/2020 between Margaret Stephens / Revell here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods, referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:
The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
T7587 42-7-12	28-A-61 T7587		
7587 28-A-61A			
T7586 42-A-24			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids	Water treatment residuals	Food processing waste	Other industrial sludges
☐ Yes ☒ No	☐ Yes ☒ No	☒ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name / By:	Mailing Address	Landowner Signature
Margaret Stephens		Margaret Stephens
Title*	Phone No.	

*☐ I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc.

*☐ I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.

Permittee:
Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia.

The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name	Mailing Address	Permittee- Authorized Representative Signature
Kevin Taylor	P.O. Box 8 Temperanceville, VA 23442	Kevin Taylor
Title Complex Manager	Phone No. 757-824-3471	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Margaret Stephens

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

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   b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
   c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.

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   c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
   d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
   e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).

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   b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
   c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;

5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Landowner's Signature — Date: 11/2/2020

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Landowner Coordination Form

This form is used by the Permittee to identify properties (tax parcels) that are authorized to receive biosolids and/or industrial residuals, and each of the legal landowners of those tax parcels. A *Land Application Agreement - Biosolids and Industrial Residuals* form with original signature must be attached for each legal landowner identified below prior to land application at the identified parcels.

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

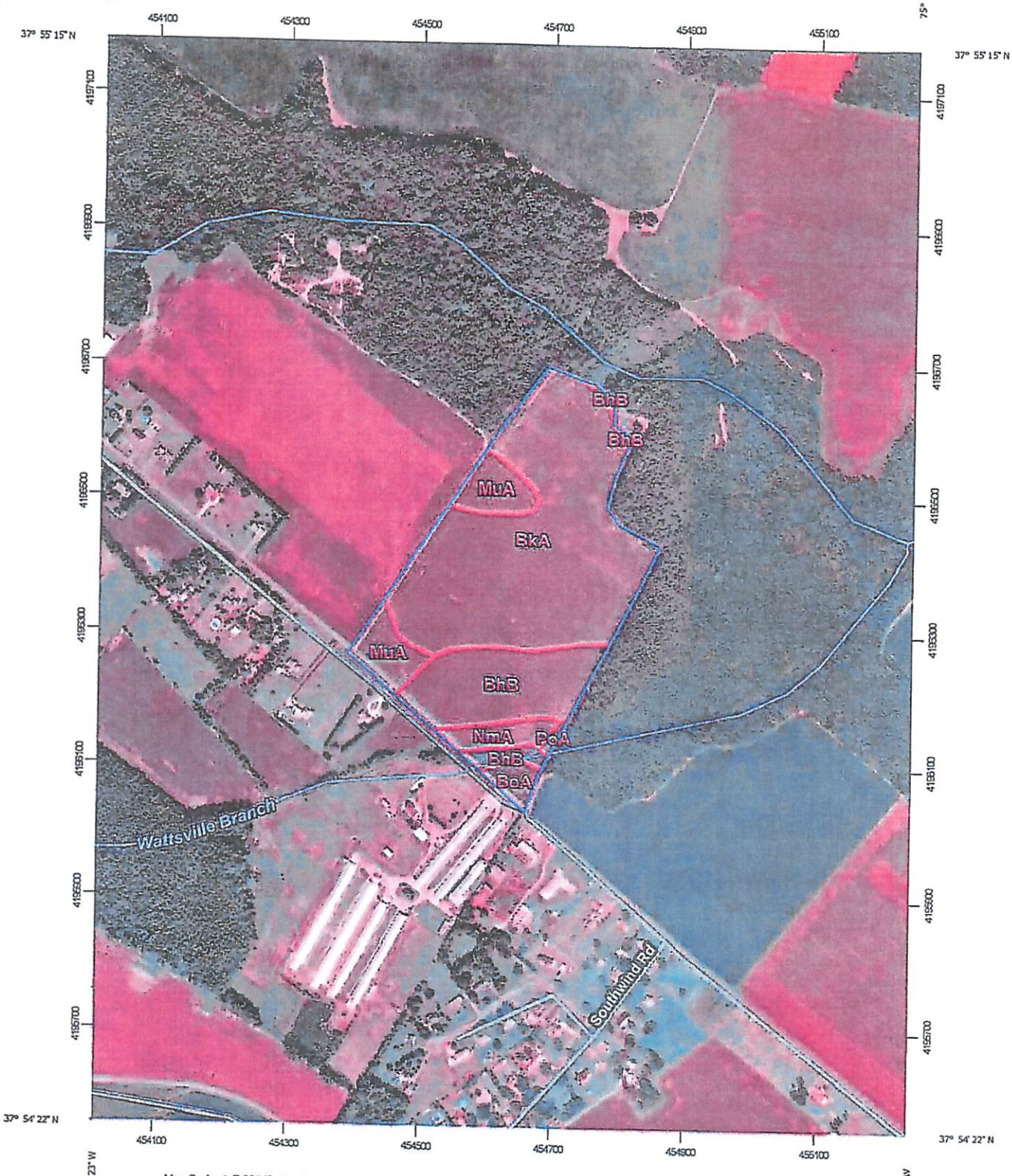
Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Please Print (Landowner signatures are not required on this page

Tax Parcel ID(s)	Landowner(s)
42-7-12	Margaret Stephens
28-A-61A	" "
28-A-61	
42-A-24	

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Revell F-108 T-7579)



Map Scale: 1:7,920 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.

N

0 100 200 400 600 Meters

0 350 700 1400 2100 Feet

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)
- Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils
- Soil Map Unit Polygons
- Soil Map Unit Lines
- Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features
- Blowout
- Borrow Pit
- Clay Spot
- Closed Depression
- Gravel Pit
- Gravelly Spot
- Landfill
- Lava Flow
- Marsh or swamp
- Mine or Quarry
- Miscellaneous Water
- Perennial Water
- Rock Outcrop
- Saline Spot
- Sandy Spot
- Severely Eroded Spot
- Sinkhole
- Slide or Slip
- Sodic Spot
- Spoil Area
- Stony Spot
- Very Stony Spot
- Wet Spot
- Other
- Special Line Features

Water Features
- Streams and Canals

Transportation
- Rails
- Interstate Highways
- US Routes
- Major Roads
- Local Roads

Background
- Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Sep 24, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	8.3	21.1%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	24.5	62.2%
BoA	Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.9	2.3%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	3.9	9.9%
NmA	Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1.5	3.9%
PoA	Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	0.2	0.6%
Totals for Area of Interest		39.4	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, provide information on the composition of map units and properties of their components.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BoA—Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Munden (90%)

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: NmA—Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Nimmo (85%)

The Nimmo component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Polawana (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Polawana soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: PoA—Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Component: Polawana (95%)

The Polawana component makes up 95 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on drainageways on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is very poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is frequently flooded. It is frequently ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 0 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 12 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Revell F-112 T-7586)

Map Scale: 1:7,920 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.

N

Meters: 0 100 200 400 600

Feet: 0 350 700 1400 2100

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)
- Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils
- Soil Map Unit Polygons
- Soil Map Unit Lines
- Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features
- Blowout
- Borrow Pit
- Clay Spot
- Closed Depression
- Gravel Pit
- Gravelly Spot
- Landfill
- Lava Flow
- Marsh or swamp
- Mine or Quarry
- Miscellaneous Water
- Perennial Water
- Rock Outcrop
- Saline Spot
- Sandy Spot
- Severely Eroded Spot
- Sinkhole
- Slide or Slip
- Sodic Spot
- Spoil Area
- Stony Spot
- Very Stony Spot
- Wet Spot
- Other
- Special Line Features

Water Features
- Streams and Canals

Transportation
- Rails
- Interstate Highways
- US Routes
- Major Roads
- Local Roads

Background
- Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Sep 24, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	12.1	33.7%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	18.7	52.2%
DrA	Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.2	0.5%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4.9	13.6%
Totals for Area of Interest		**35.9**	**100.0%**

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, provide information on the composition of map units and properties of their components.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: DrA—Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Dragston (90%)

The Dragston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 21 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Arapahoe (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Arapahoe soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Munden (90%)

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

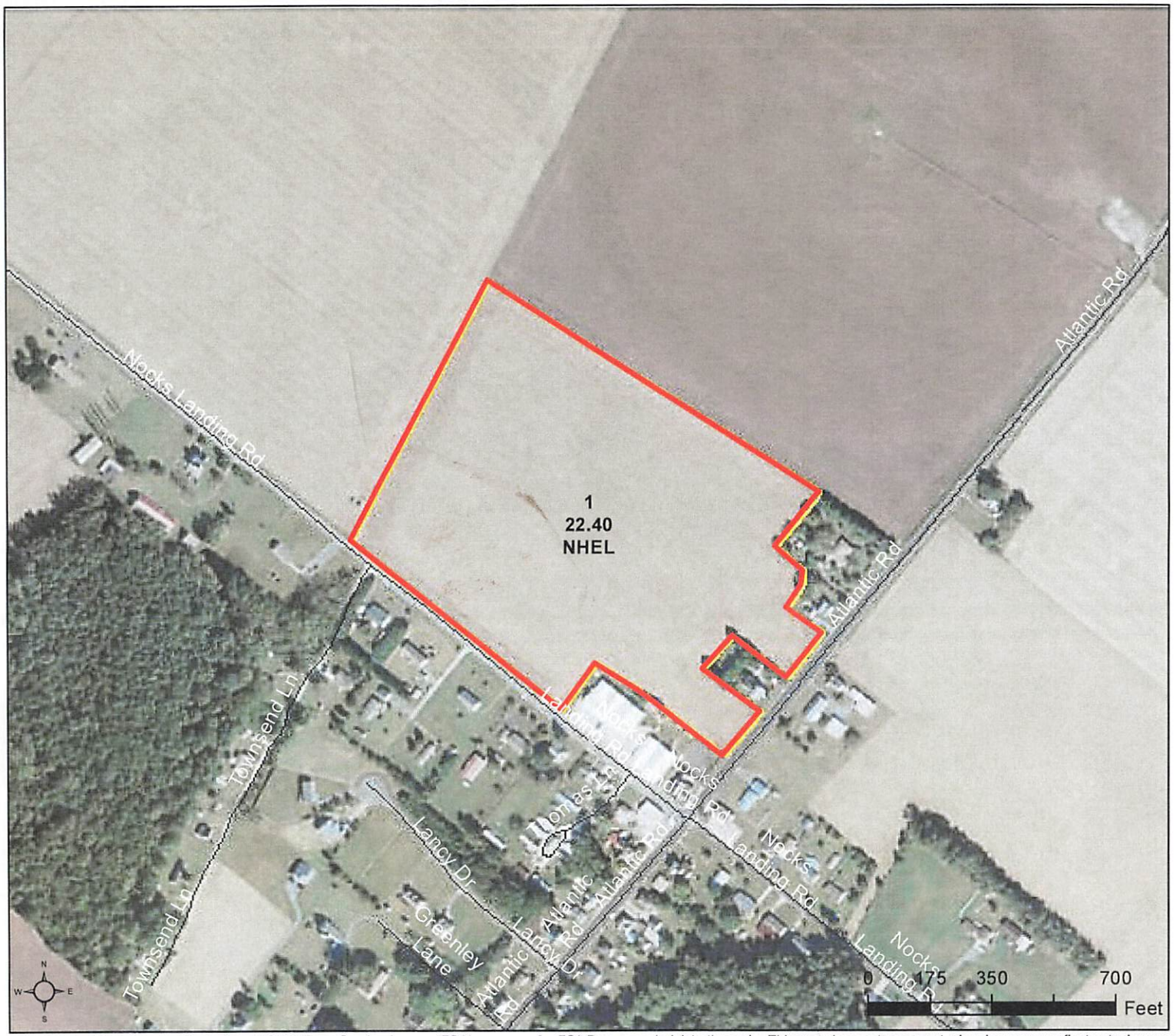
Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

USDA United States Department of Agriculture

Accomack County, Virginia

Travell



Farm 108

Tract 7580

2023 Program Year

Map Created June 27, 2023

Wetland Determination Identifiers

- Restricted Use
- Limited Restrictions
- Exempt from Conservation Compliance Provisions

Tract Cropland Total: 22.40 acres

Legend

- Road 10 Ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Application Area
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads

Farm: 91, 108
Tract: 7139, 7580

Total Field Acres:
Field 1: 53.4
Fiield 1: 22.4

Total Application Acres:
Field 1: 51
Field 1: 17.87

N
W E
S

0 150 300 600 Feet
1 inch = 433 feet

Revell F108 T7580

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Wayne Revell, Marshall F108 F7580)

Map Unit Legend

Accomack County, Virginia (VA001)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	0.0	0.0%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2.6	12.0%
BoA	Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.2	0.8%
DrA	Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	7.8	35.4%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	11.5	51.9%
Totals for Area of Interest		**22.1**	**100.0%**

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BoA—Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: DrA—Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Dragston (90%)

The Dragston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 21 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Arapahoe (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Arapahoe soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Munden (90%)

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 8, Dec 15, 2008

Legend

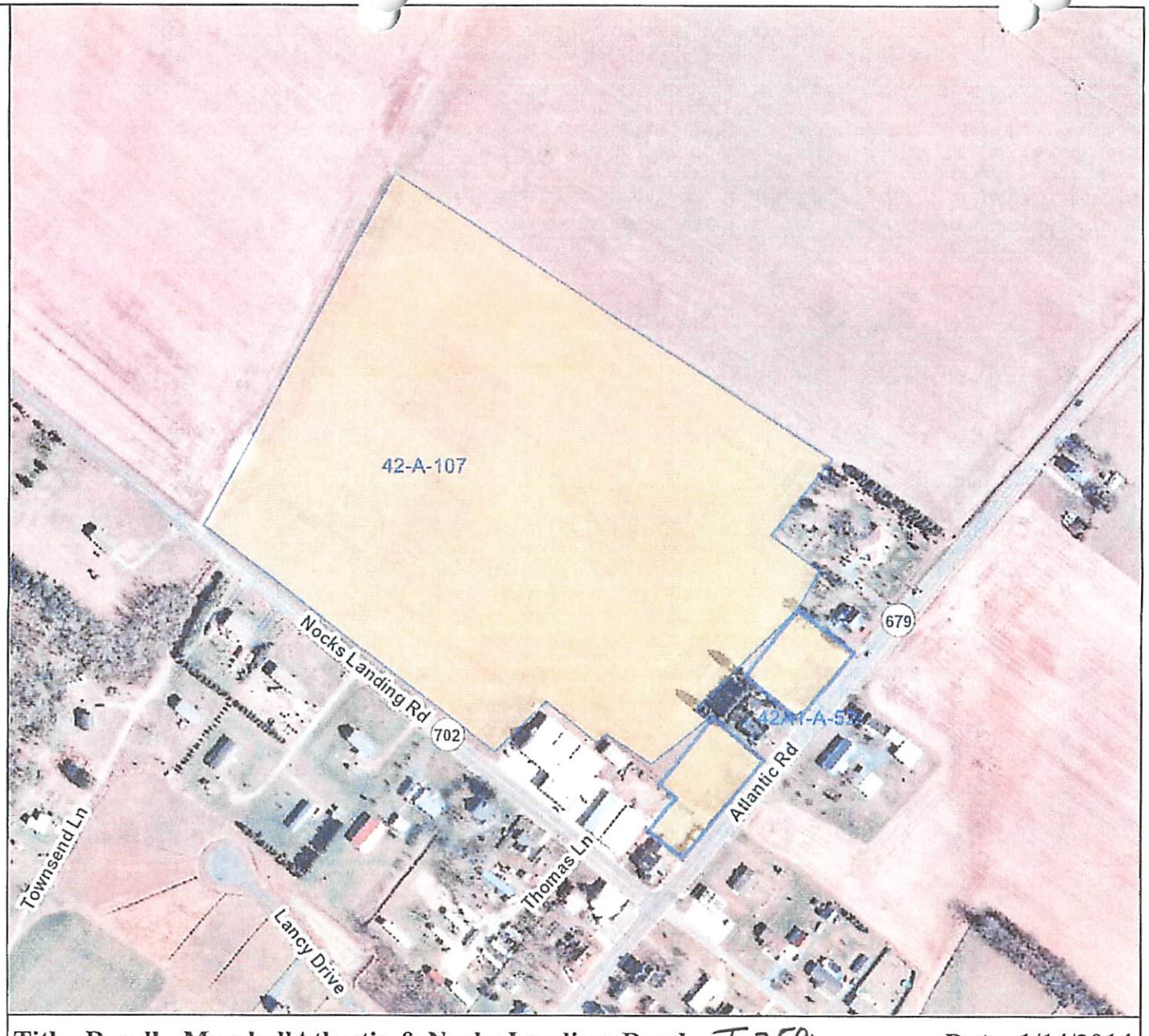
Road Labels

Tax Map ID/Owner:

42-A-107:Alula Marshall

42A1-A-52: Alula Marshall

Operator: Wayne Revell



Map Printed from AccoMap
http://accomack.mapsdirect.net/

Feet

0 100 200 300 400

1:4,514 / 1"=376 Feet

Title: Revell - MarshallAtlantic & Nocks Landing Road T7580 **Date: 1/14/2014**

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 11/2/2020 between Alula Marshall Trust referred to here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods, referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:
The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
42-17-25	T7579 (pt)		
42-17-107	T7580		
42A1-A-52	T7580		

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids	Water treatment residuals	Food processing waste	Other industrial sludges
☐ Yes ☒ No	☐ Yes ☒ No	☒ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name / By:	Mailing Address	Landowner Signature
Title*	Phone No.	

*☐ I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc.

*☐ I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.

Permittee:
Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia.

The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name	Mailing Address	Permittee- Authorized Representative Signature
Kevin Taylor	P.O. Box 8 Temperanceville, VA 23442	
Title Complex Manager	Phone No. 757-824-3471	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Alula Marshall Trust

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.

2. Public Access
   a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
   b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
   c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.

3. Crop Restrictions:
   a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
   b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil,
   c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
   d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
   e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).

4. Livestock Access Restrictions:
   Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:
   a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
   b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
   c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;

5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Landowner's Signature

11/6/20
Date

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Landowner Coordination Form

This form is used by the Permittee to identify properties (tax parcels) that are authorized to receive biosolids and/or industrial residuals, and each of the legal landowners of those tax parcels. A *Land Application Agreement - Biosolids and Industrial Residuals* form with original signature must be attached for each legal landowner identified below prior to land application at the identified parcels.

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page

Tax Parcel ID(s)	Landowner(s)
42-A-25	Alula Marshall Trust
42-A-107	" "
42A1-A-52	" "

Rev 6/11/2018b