

Farm 4847 Tract 7488

Imagery Source:
USDA National Agriculture
Imagery Program (NAIP)
Acquisition Year - 2021

2022 Program Year

Map Created May 11, 2022

Common Land Unit

- Cropland
- Tract Boundary
- rcl_l_va001

Wetland Determination Identifiers

- Restricted Use
- ▽ Limited Restrictions
- Exempt from Conservation Compliance Provisions

Tract Cropland Total: 306.50 acres

United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Farm Service Agency (FSA) maps are for FSA Program administration only. This map does not represent a legal survey or reflect actual ownership; rather it depicts the information provided directly from the producer and/or National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP) imagery. The producer accepts the data 'as is' and assumes all risks associated with its use. USDA-FSA assumes no responsibility for actual or consequential damage incurred as a result of any user's reliance on this data outside FSA Programs. Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape, or specific determination of the area. Refer to your original determination (CPA-026 and attached maps) for exact boundaries and determinations or contact USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).



Legend

- Road 10 Ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
- Application Area
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads

Farm: 4847
Tract: 7488

Dublin

Total Field Acres:
Field 1: 12.4
Field 2: 151.1
Field 3: 143

306.5

Total Application Acres:
Field 1: 12.03
Field 2: 145.14
Field 4: 140

297.17



0 150 300 600 Feet
1 inch = 717 feet

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-4847 T-7488 fields 1, 2 (Taylor 7))



Map Scale: 1:12,000 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.

0 150 300 600 900 Meters

0 500 1000 2000 3000 Feet

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84



Natural Resources
Conservation Service


Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

11/18/2022
Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-4847 T-7488 fields 1, 2 (Taylor 7))

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Data: Version 18, Aug 22, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 24, 2020—Nov 25, 2020

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	30.3	18.1%
BoA	Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	98.2	58.4%
DrA	Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	12.7	7.6%
MoD	Molena loamy sand, 6 to 35 percent slopes	3.4	2.0%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.8	0.5%
NmA	Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	22.6	13.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		168.0	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, provide information on the composition of map units and properties of their components.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BoA—Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Bojac (90%)**

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: DrA—Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Dragston (90%)**

The Dragston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 21 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Arapahoe (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Arapahoe soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: MoD—Molena loamy sand, 6 to 35 percent slopes**Component: Molena (90%)**

The Molena component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 35 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Munden (90%)**

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: NmA—Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Nimmo (85%)**

The Nimmo component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Polawana (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Polawana soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 18, Aug 22, 2022

Accomack County, Virginia

Legend

- County Boundaries
- Road Labels
- Town Labels
- Parcels

F-2947 T-7488

Tax Parcels:

42-A-69

42-A-73

42-A-72

Owner:

Emmett Taylor, Jr., Rev
Trust



Title: F-2947 T-7488 Emmett Taylor

Date: 9-14-2020

Feet

0 500 1000 1500 2000
1:24,000 / 1"=2,000 Feet

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and the Accomack County is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

9-14/2020

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 11/2/20 between Emmett Taylor JR Rev Trust here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>42-A-33</u>	<u>42-A-72</u>	<u>T-7488</u>	
<u>42-A-69</u>			
<u>42-A-73</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids: ☐ Yes ☒ No
 Water treatment residuals: ☐ Yes ☒ No
 Food processing waste: ☒ Yes ☐ No
 Other industrial sludges: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>Suzanne Alexander</u>	Mailing Address <u>2808 Jan Taylor Way</u>	Landowner Signature <u>Emmett G Taylor Jr</u>
By: <u>Suzanne Alexander</u>	<u>Salisbury, MD 21861</u>	
Title: <u>Trustee</u>	Phone No. <u>443-580-5794</u>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u>	Permittee- Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title: <u>Complex Manager</u>	<u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	
	Phone No. <u>757-824-3471</u>	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Emmett Taylor Jr Rev Trust

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Landowner's Signature

Date

Landowner Coordination Form

County or City: _____

Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

[illegible]



United States Department of Agriculture
Farm Service Agency

Farm: 4847
Tract: 7486

Accomack County
1:6,000

March 25, 2019

Disclaimer: Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape or specific determination of the area.
Refer to your original determination (CPA-026 and attached maps) for exact wetland
boundaries and determinations, or contact NRCS.



Legend

- Road 10 Ft Buffer
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- Application Area
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Roads
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch

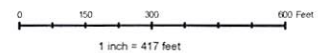
Farm: 4847
Tract: 7486

Total Field Acres:

Field 1: 44.6
Field 3: 7.4
Field 4: 7.7
Field 5: 2.7

Total Application Acres:

Field 1: 43.31
Field 3: 5.48
Field 4: 3.96
Field 5: 2.18

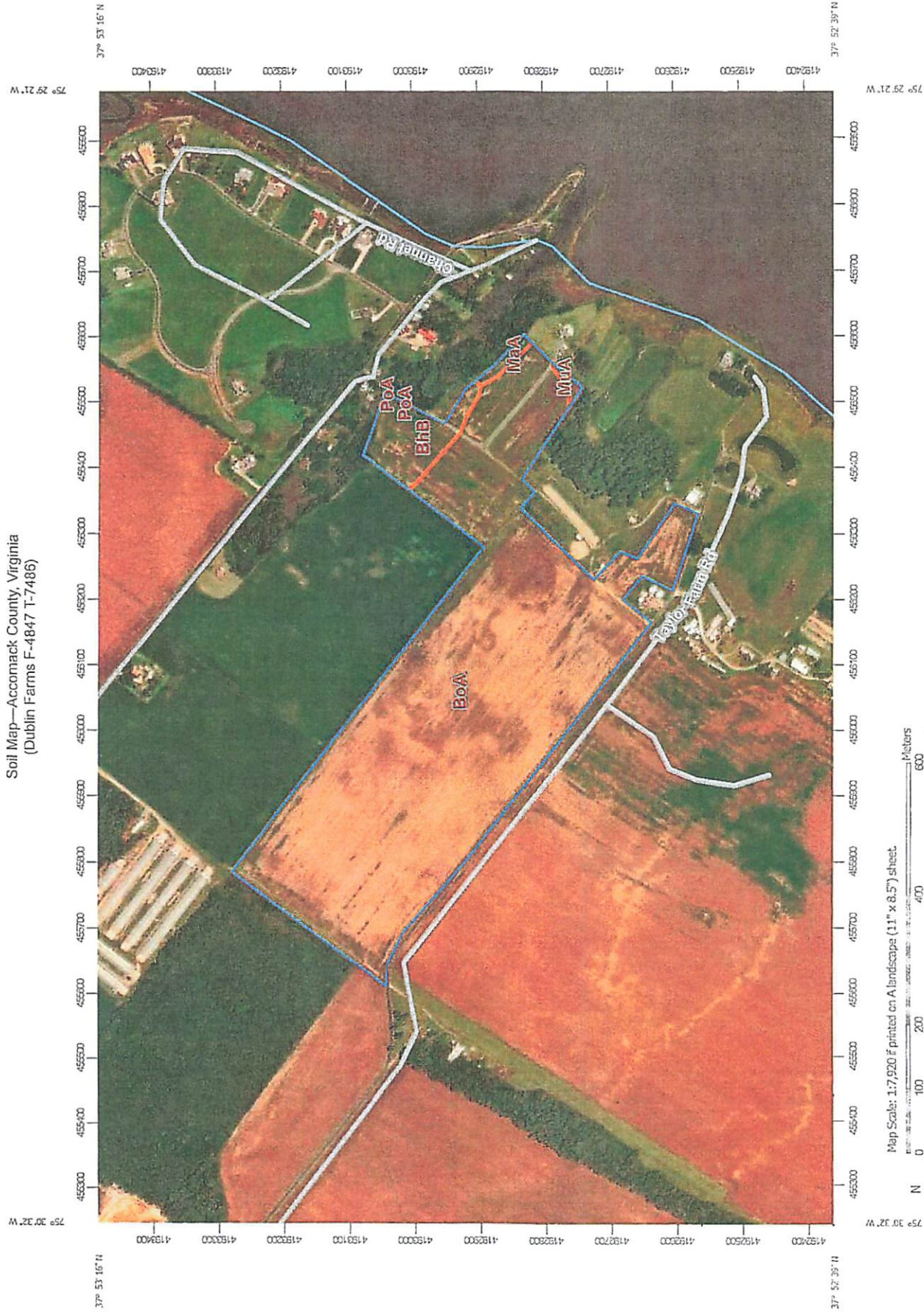


Dublin

62.4









































54.93

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia (Dublin Farms F-4847 T-7486)



Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-4847 T-7486)

MAP LEGEND

	Area of Interest (AOI)		Spoil Area
	Soil Map Unit Polygons		Stony Spot
	Soil Map Unit Lines		Very Stony Spot
	Soil Map Unit Points		Wet Spot
	Special Point Features:		Other
	Blowout		Special Line Features
	Borrow Pit		Water Features
	Clay Spot		Streams and Canals
	Closed Depression		Transportation
	Gravel Pit		Rails
	Gravelly Spot		Interstate Highways
	Landfill		US Routes
	Lava Flow		Major Roads
	Marsh or swamp		Local Roads
	Mine or Quarry		Background
	Miscellaneous Water		Aerial Photography
	Perennial Water		
	Rock Outcrop		
	Saline Spot		
	Sandy Spot		
	Severely Eroded Spot		
	Sinkhole		
	Slide or Slip		
	Sodic Spot		

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Date: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Sep 24, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 3 percent slopes	3.3	5.4%
BoA	Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	58.1	93.6%
MaA	Magotha fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	0.4	0.7%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.2	0.4%
PoA	Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	0.0	0.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		62.1	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, provide information on the composition of map units and properties of their components.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BoA—Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: MaA—Magotha fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Component: Magotha (85%)

The Magotha component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on salt marshes on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is frequently flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 3 inches during January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 5 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 8w. This soil meets hydric criteria. The soil has a strongly saline horizon within 30 inches of the soil surface. The soil has a maximum sodium adsorption ratio of 57 within 30 inches of the soil surface.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Munden (90%)

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: PoA—Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Component: Polawana (95%)

The Polawana component makes up 95 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on drainageways on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is very poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is frequently flooded. It is frequently ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 0 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 12 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Accomack County, Virginia

Legend

Tax Map #/Owner:

42-A-73: Emmet Taylor, Jr. Trust

43-A-36: Eleanor Devane

43-A-36A: Ernest or Barbara Bowden

* 43A-A-1: R.A. Wright



Map Printed from AccoMap
<http://accomack.mapsdirect.net/>

Feet
0 500 1000 1500 2000

Title: Rosamond Carter F1 F2 F 4847 T 7486, 7488(partial) Date: 11/16/2018

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack County is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

9/15/2020

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Ernest or Barbara Bowden

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Barbara Bowden
Landowner's Signature

10/3/2020
Date

Landowner Coordination Form

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

County or City: Accomack County

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

[illegible]

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 10/3/20 between Ernest or Barbara Bowden referred to here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>43-A-36A</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids
☐ Yes ☒ No

Water treatment residuals
☐ Yes ☒ No

Food processing waste
☒ Yes ☐ No

Other industrial sludges
☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>Barbara Bowden</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 747</u>	Landowner Signature <u>Barbara Bowden</u>
By: <u>Barbara Bowden</u>	<u>Atlantic VA 23303</u>	
Title: <u>owner</u>	Phone No.	
<input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u>	Permittee Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title: <u>Complex Manager</u>	<u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	
	Phone No. <u>257-824-3471</u>	

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 10/28/20 between Eleanor Devane referred to here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>43-A-36</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids
☐ Yes ☒ No

Water treatment residuals
☐ Yes ☒ No

Food processing waste
☒ Yes ☐ No

Other industrial sludges
☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>ELEANOR S. DEVANE</u>	Mailing Address <u>708 S. Brooksville Rd</u>	Landowner Signature <u>EL S Dev</u>
By: Title*	<u>Cheshire CT 06410</u> Phone No. <u>203 699-9639</u>	
<input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u>	Permittee- Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title <u>Complex Manager</u>	<u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u> Phone No. <u>257-824-3471</u>	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Eleana Devane

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Eleana Devane
Landowner's Signature

10/28/2020
Date

Landowner Coordination Form

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

County or City: Accomack County
 Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

[illegible]

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 11/2/20 between Emmett Taylor Jr Rev. Trust here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>42-A-33</u>	<u>42-A-72</u>	<u>T-7488</u>	
<u>42-A-69</u>			
<u>42-A-73</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids: ☐ Yes ☒ No Water treatment residuals: ☐ Yes ☒ No Food processing waste: ☒ Yes ☐ No Other industrial sludges: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>Suzanne Alexander</u>	Mailing Address <u>2808 Jan Taylor Way Salisbury MD 21801</u>	Landowner Signature <u>Emmett C Taylor Jr</u>
By: <u>Suzanne Alexander</u>	Phone No. <u>443-880-5794</u>	
Title: <u>Trustee</u>		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8 Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	Permittee- Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title <u>Complex Manager</u>	Phone No. <u>757-824-3471</u>	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County
Rev Trust

Landowner: Emmett Taylor Jr

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days.
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Landowner's Signature

Date

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Landowner Coordination Form

This form is used by the Permittee to identify properties (tax parcels) that are authorized to receive biosolids and/or industrial residuals, and each of the legal landowners of those tax parcels. A *Land Application Agreement - Biosolids and Industrial Residuals* form with original signature must be attached for each legal landowner identified below prior to land application at the identified parcels.

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: _____

Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

[illegible]



United States Department of Agriculture
Farm Service Agency

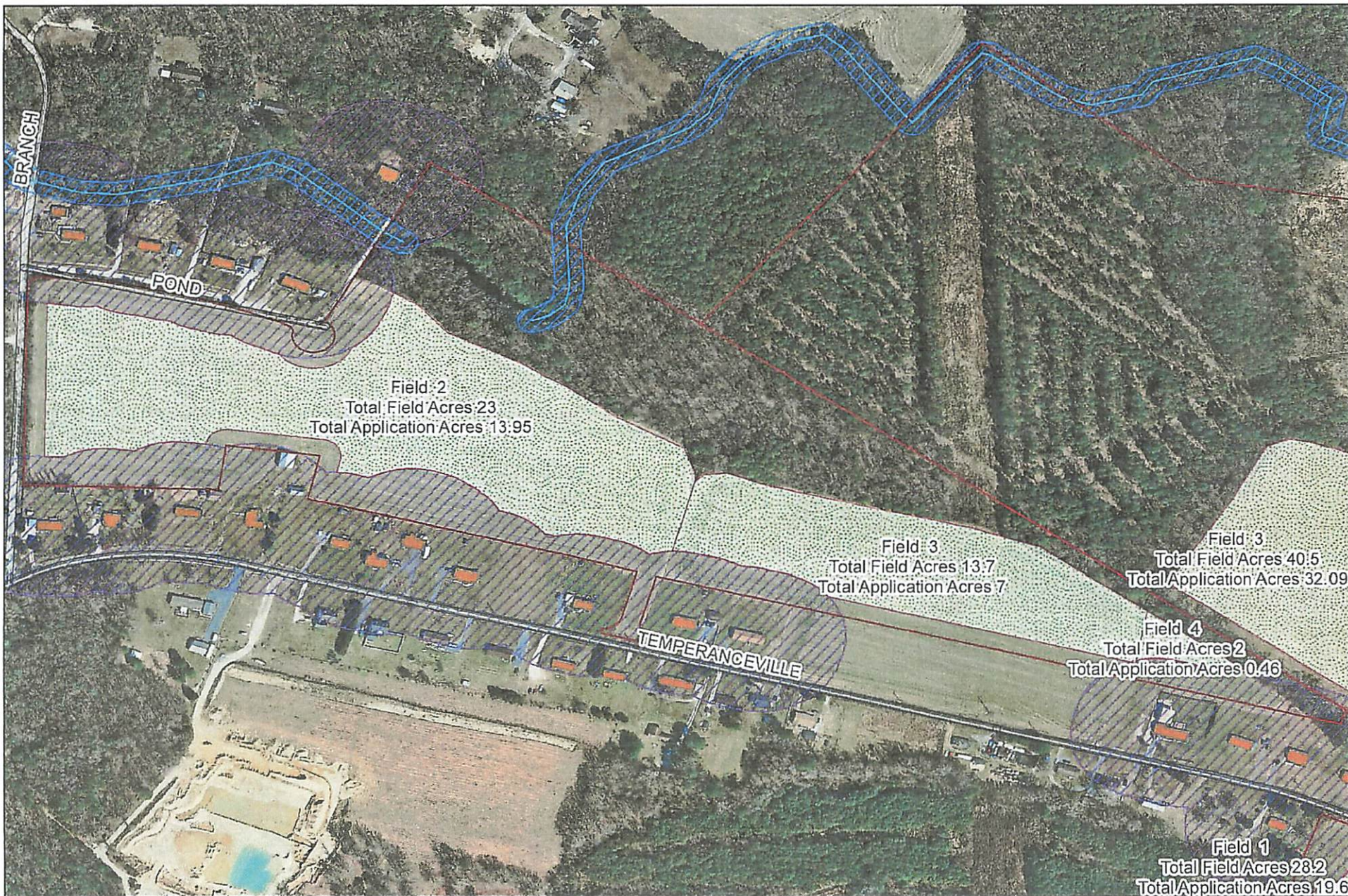
Farm: 4847
Tract: 7489

Accomack County
1:6,000

March 25, 2019

Dublin

Disclaimer: Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape or specific determination of the area.
Refer to your original determination (CPA-020 and attached maps) for exact wetland
boundaries and determinations, or contact NRCS.



Legend

- Road 10 Ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 Ft Buffer
- Application Area
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads

Farm: 4847
Tract: 7489

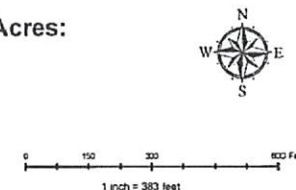
Dublin

Total Field Acres:
Field 2: 23
Field 3: 73.7
Field 4: 2

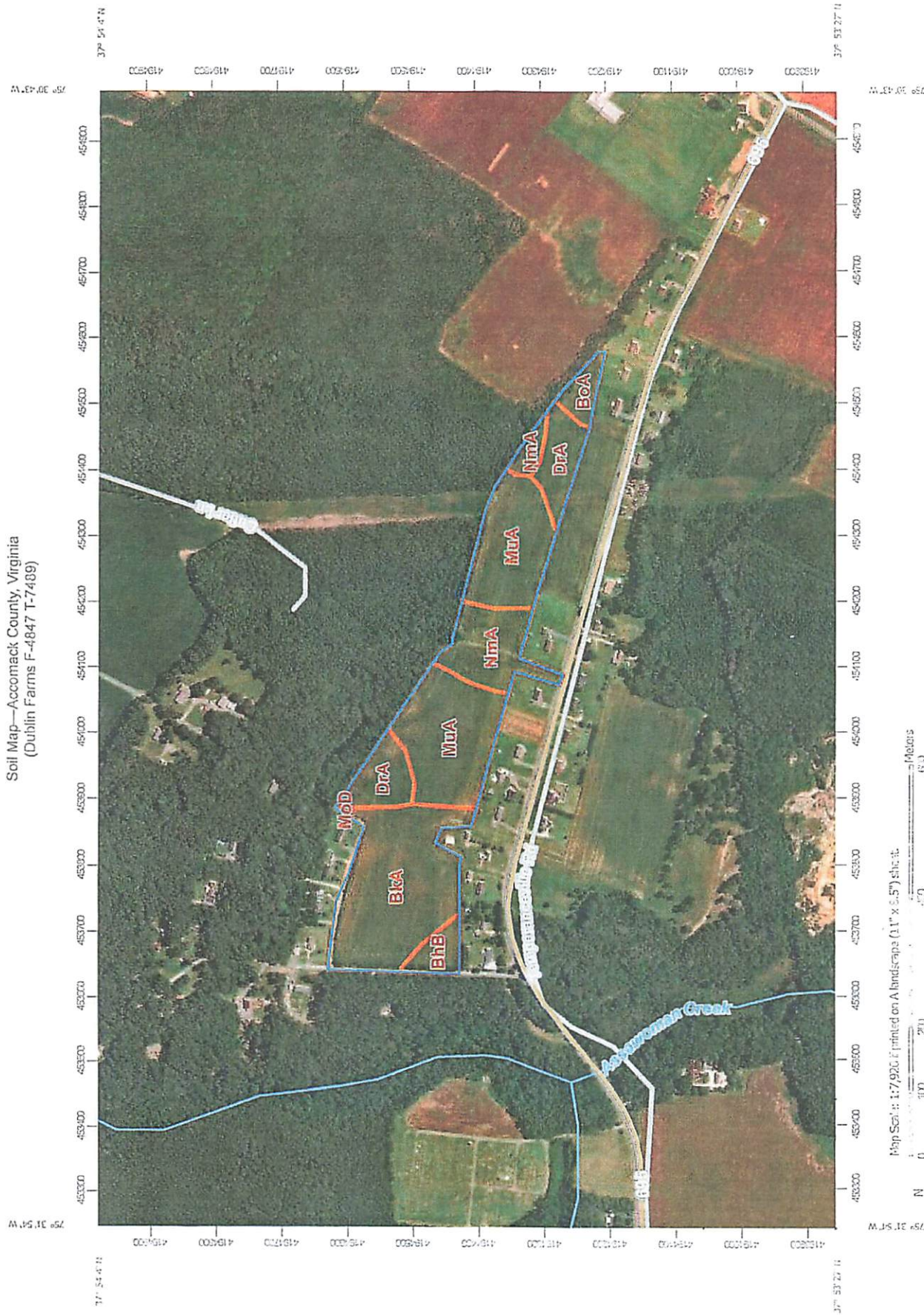
30.1

Total Application Acres:
Field 2: 13.95
Field 3: 7
Field 4: 0.46

21.41



Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-4847 T-7489)







Map Scale: 1:7,920 (Printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet)

Map projection: Web Mercator
 Contour coordinates: WGS84
 Edge: UTM Zone 18N WGS84



Soil Map--Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farm: F-4847 T-7499)

SOIL LEGEND

 Area of Interest (AOI)	 Spoil Area
Soils	 Stony Spot
 Soil Map Unit Polygons	 Very Stony Spot
 Soil Map Unit Lines	 Wet Spot
 Soil Map Unit Points	 Other
Special Features	 Special Line Features
 Livestock	Water Features
 Borrow Pit	 Streams and Canals
 Clay Spot	Transportation
 Closed Driveway	 Rails
 Gravel Pit	 Interstate Highways
 Gravelly Spot	 US Routes
 Landfill	 Major Roads
 Low Flow	 Local Roads
 Marsh or Swamp	Background
 Mine or Quarry	 Aerial Photo Imagery
 Miscellaneous Water	
 Perennial Water	
 Rock Outcrop	
 Saline Spot	
 Sandy Spot	
 Severely Fenced Spot	
 Sinkhole	
 Slide or Slip	
 Stony Spot	

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Maps: Natural Resource Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Date: Version 16, Jun 5, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 21, 2009--Aug 24, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	1.1	3.6%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	9.7	30.6%
BoA	Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1.0	3.2%
DrA	Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4.1	12.9%
MoD	Molena loamy sand, 6 to 35 percent slopes	0.1	0.2%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	11.4	36.0%
NmA	Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4.3	13.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		31.8	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, provide information on the composition of map units and properties of their components.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Bojac (90%)**

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BoA—Bojac fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Bojac (90%)**

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: DrA—Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Dragston (90%)**

The Dragston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 21 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Arapahoe (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Arapahoe soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: McD—Molena loamy sand, 6 to 35 percent slopes**Component: Molena (90%)**

The Molena component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 35 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Munden (90%)**

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: NmA—Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Nimmo (85%)**

The Nimmo component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Polswana (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Polswana soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Accomack County, Virginia

Legend

Tax Parcel 42-A-33
Owner: Emmett Taylor, Jr Trust

See page 2 for other parcel
owner information

Map Printed from ArcMap
<http://accomack-mapsdirect.net/>



Title: Farm 2947 Tract 7489 Nild 2-3

Date: 9/14/2020

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack County is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 11/2/20 between Emmett Taylor JR Rev Trust referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>42-A-33</u>	<u>42-A-72</u>	<u>T-7488</u>	
<u>42-A-69</u>			
<u>42-A-73</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids: ☐ Yes ☒ No Water treatment residuals: ☐ Yes ☒ No Food processing waste: ☒ Yes ☐ No Other industrial sludges: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>SUZANNE ALEXANDER</u>	Mailing Address <u>2808 Van Taylor Way</u>	Landowner Signature <u>Emmett G Taylor Jr</u>
By: <u>Suzanne Alexander</u>	<u>Salisbury MD 21681</u>	<u>Reg Trust</u>
Title: <u>Trustee II</u>	Phone No. <u>443-880-5794</u>	<u>Suzanne Alexander</u>

☒ I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc.
☐ I certify that I am a responsible official (or officer) authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u>	Permittee-Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title: <u>Complex Manager</u>	<u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	
	Phone No. <u>757-824-3471</u>	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Emmett Taylor Jr Rev Trust

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil,
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Landowner's Signature

Date

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Landowner Coordination Form

This form is used by the Permittee to identify properties (tax parcels) that are authorized to receive biosolids and/or industrial residuals, and each of the legal landowners of those tax parcels. A *Land Application Agreement - Biosolids and Industrial Residuals* form with original signature must be attached for each legal landowner identified below prior to land application at the identified parcels.

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City:

Please Print

[illegible]