



United States Department of Agriculture
Farm Service Agency

Farm: 3292
Tract: 7863

Accomack County
1:4,800

March 22, 2019

Disclaimer: Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape or specific determination of the area.
Refer to your original determination (CPA-026 and attached maps) for exact wetland
boundaries and determinations, or contact NRCS



Legend

- Road 10 Ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 Ft Buffer
- Application Area
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads

Farm: 3292, 5055
Tract: 7863, 7468, 7566

Dublin Farms F3292 Glenn Neal F5055

Total Field Acres:
 Field 1: 27.5 Field 2: 0.5

Field 1: 24.8
 Field 2: 35.5

Field 2: 41.8 Field 3: 7.5
49.3

Total Application Acres:
 Field 1: 25.34 Field 2: 0.5

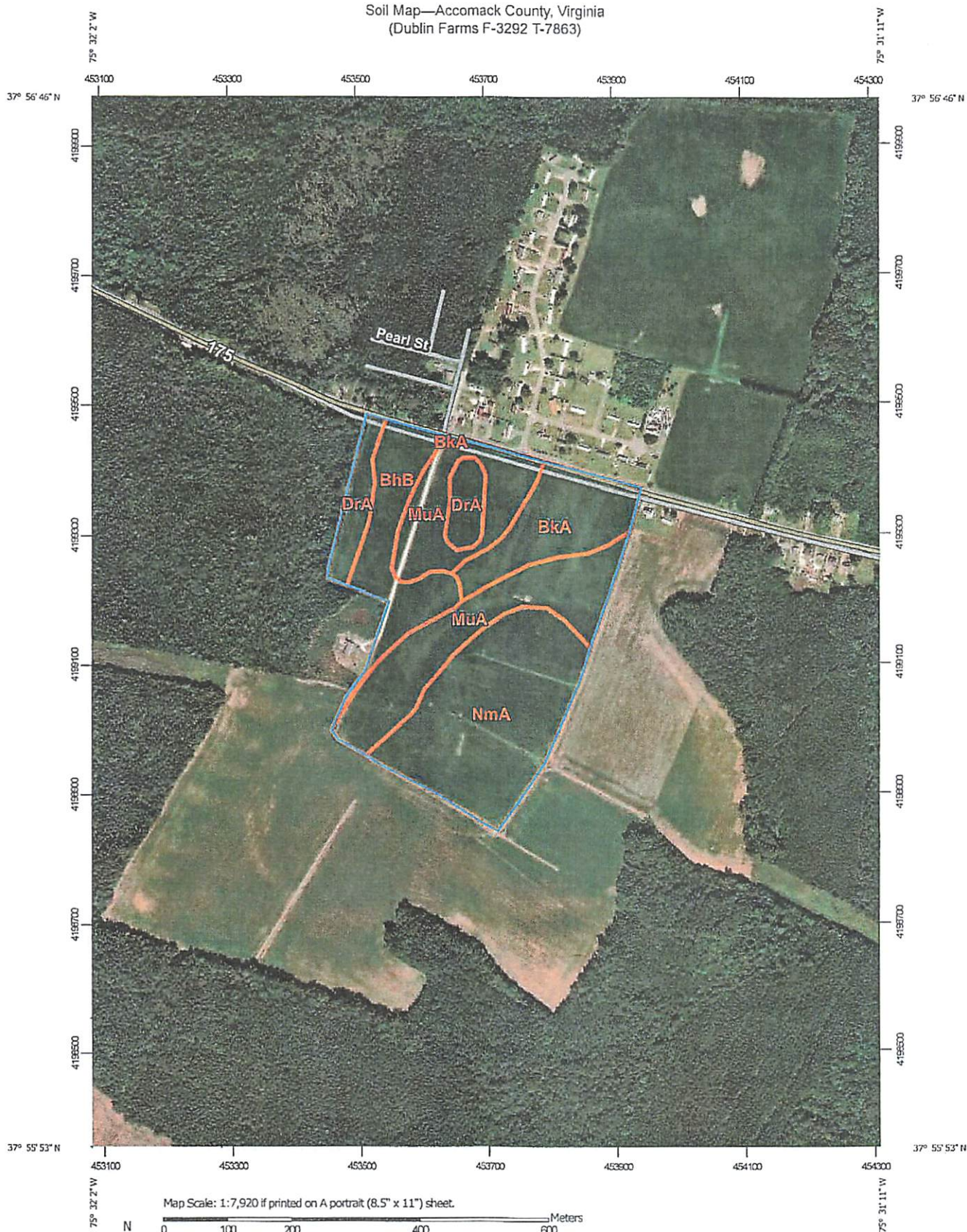
Field 1: 20.94
 Field 2: 31.81

Field 2: 37.87 **Field 3: 6.02**
43.89

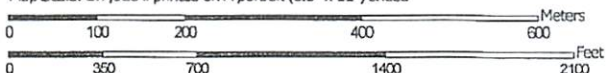


0 150 300 600 Feet
 1 inch = 600 feet

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-3292 T-7863)



Map Scale: 1:7,920 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge ties: UTM Zone 18N WGS84



Natural Resources
Conservation Service


Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

11/24/2020
Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-3292 T-7863)

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)


Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

 Blowout

 Borrow Pit

 Clay Spot

 Closed Depression

 Gravel Pit

 Gravelly Spot

 Landfill

 Lava Flow

 Marsh or swamp

 Mine or Quarry


 Miscellaneous Water

 Perennial Water

 Rock Outcrop

 Saline Spot

 Sandy Spot

 Severely Eroded Spot


 Sinkhole

 Slide or Slip

 Sodic Spot

 Spoil Area

 Stony Spot


 Very Stony Spot

 Wet Spot

 Other

 Special Line Features

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails

 Interstate Highways

 US Routes

 Major Roads

 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Sep 24, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	7.0	13.9%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	6.7	13.5%
DrA	Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4.1	8.3%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	16.0	32.1%
NmA	Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	16.0	32.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		49.8	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, provide information on the composition of map units and properties of their components.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: DrA—Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Dragston (90%)**

The Dragston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 21 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Arapahoe (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Arapahoe soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Munden (90%)**

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: NmA—Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Nimmo (85%)**

The Nimmo component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Polawana (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Polawana soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: PoA—Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded

Component: Polawana (95%)

The Polawana component makes up 95 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on drainageways on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is very poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is frequently flooded. It is frequently ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 0 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 12 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Legend

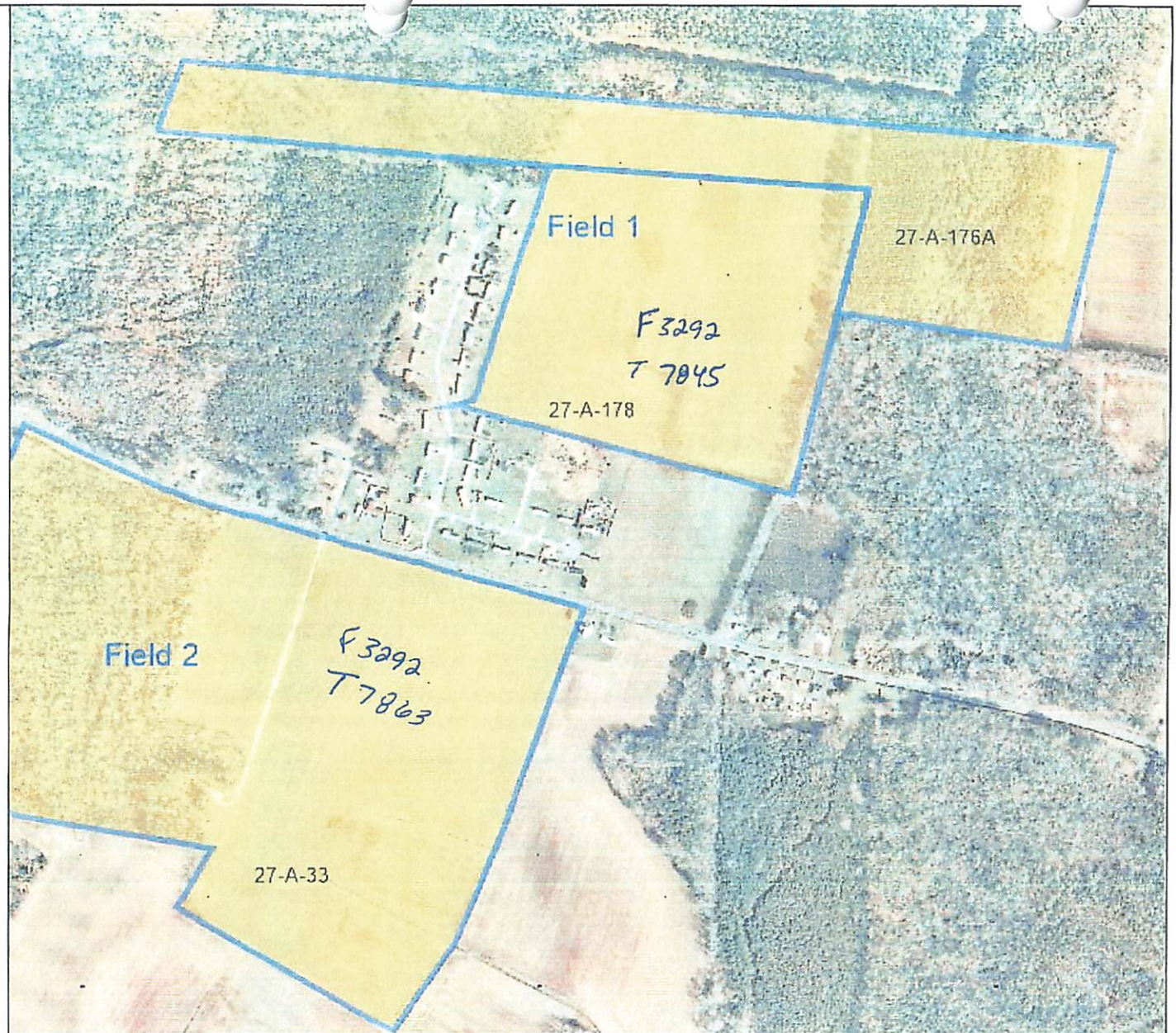
Tax Parcel #/Owner:

27-A-178 and 27-A-33:

E.T. Trader

27-A-176A:

New Forest Fund IV LLC



Map Printed from AccoMap
<http://accomack.mapsdirect.net/>

Feet

0 200 400 600 800
1:9,028 / 1"=752 Feet

Title: E.T. Trader and New Forest Fund Fields 1, 2 Tax

Date: 9/22/2016

Map

DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 10/1/20 between E.T. Trader referred to here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>27-A-178</u>			
<u>27-A-33</u>			
<u>12-A-81</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids: ☐ Yes ☒ No Water treatment residuals: ☐ Yes ☒ No Food processing waste: ☒ Yes ☐ No Other industrial sludges: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>E.T. TRADER</u>	Mailing Address	Landowner Signature
By: <u>E.T. Trader</u>		
Title: <u>OWNER</u>	Phone No.	
<input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia.

The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u> <u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	Permittee-Authorized Representative Signature
Title <u>Complex Manager</u>	Phone No. <u>757-824-3471</u>	<u>Kevin Taylor</u>

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: E.T. Trader

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days.
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

E.T. Trader
Landowner's Signature

10/1/2020
Date



United States Department of Agriculture
Farm Service Agency

March 22, 2019

Farm: 3292
Tract: 7845

Accomack County
1:4,800

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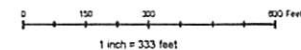
- Legend**
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 - Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
 - Application Area
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 - Roads

Farm: 3292
Tract: 7845

Dublin Farms

Total Field Acres:
Field 2: 40.1

Total Application Acres:
Field 2: 32.42



Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-3292 T-7845)



Map Scale: 1:7,920 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.



Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 18N WGS84

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(Dublin Farms F-3292 T-7845)

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)		Spoil Area
Area of Interest (AOI)		Stony Spot
Soils		Very Stony Spot
Soil Map Unit Polygons		Wet Spot
Soil Map Unit Lines		Other
Soil Map Unit Points		Special Line Features
Special Point Features		Water Features
Blowout		Streams and Canals
Borrow Pit		Transportation
Clay Spot		Rails
Closed Depression		Interstate Highways
Gravel Pit		US Routes
Gravelly Spot		Major Roads
Landfill		Local Roads
Lava Flow		Background
Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography
Mine or Quarry		
Miscellaneous Water		
Perennial Water		
Rock Outcrop		
Saline Spot		
Sandy Spot		
Severely Eroded Spot		
Sinkhole		
Slide or Slip		
Sodic Spot		

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

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Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

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Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Sep 24, 2017

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Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	2.3	5.9%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	8.5	21.5%
DrA	Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	7.7	19.6%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	13.0	32.9%
NmA	Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	7.9	20.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		39.4	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

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Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Bojac (90%)**

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: DrA—Dragston fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Dragston (90%)**

The Dragston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 21 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Arapahoe (3%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Arapahoe soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Munden (90%)**

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: NmA—Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Nimmo (85%)

The Nimmo component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Polawana (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Polawana soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 16, Jun 3, 2020

Legend

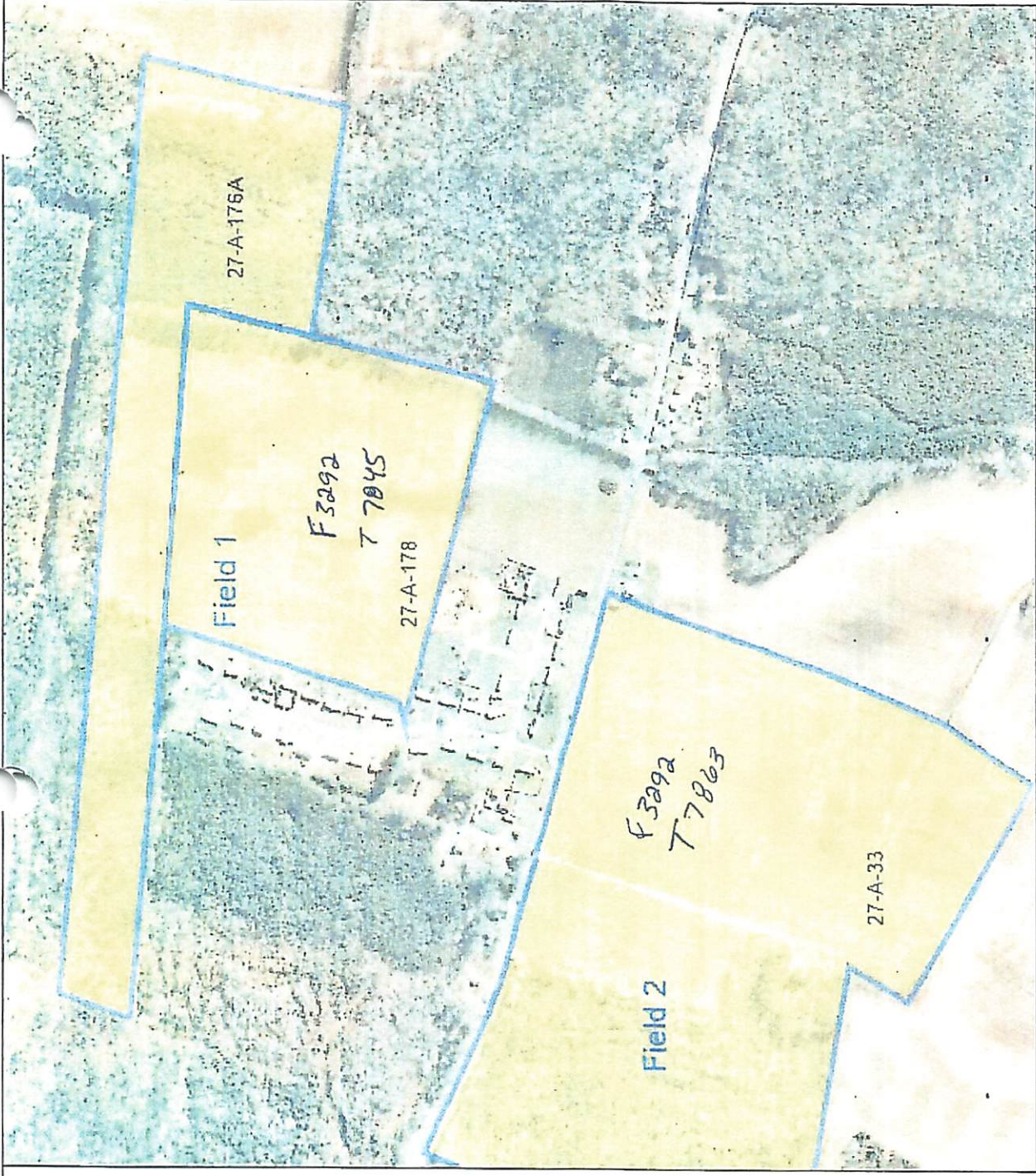
Tax Parcel #/Owner:

27-A-178 and 27-A-33:

E.T. Trader

27-A-176A:

New Forest Fund IV LLC



Map Printed from AccoMap
<http://accmack.mapsdirect.net/>

Feet

0 200 400 600 800
1:9,028 / 1"=752 Feet

Title: E.T. Trader and New Forest Fund Fields 1, 2 Tax

Date: 9/22/2016

MAP *DISCLAIMER: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Accomack is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.*

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

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Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>27-A-178</u>			
<u>27-A-33</u>			
<u>12-A-81</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids: ☐ Yes ☒ No Water treatment residuals: ☐ Yes ☒ No Food processing waste: ☒ Yes ☐ No Other industrial sludges: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>E.T. TRADER</u>	Mailing Address	Landowner Signature
By: <u>E.T. Trader</u>		
Title: <u>OWNER</u>	Phone No.	
<input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia.

The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u> <u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	Permittee- Authorized Representative Signature
Title: <u>Complex Manager</u>	Phone No. <u>757-824-3471</u>	<u>[Signature]</u>

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: E.T. Trader

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil,
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

E.T. Trader
Landowner's Signature

10/1/2020
Date

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Landowner Coordination Form

This form is used by the Permittee to identify properties (tax parcels) that are authorized to receive biosolids and/or industrial residuals, and each of the legal landowners of those tax parcels. A *Land Application Agreement - Biosolids and Industrial Residuals* form with original signature must be attached for each legal landowner identified below prior to land application at the identified parcels.

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

[illegible]



United States Department of Agriculture
Farm Service Agency

Farm: 4969
Tract: 7350

Accomack County
1:6,000

March 25, 2019

Disclaimer: Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape or specific determination of the area.
Refer to your original determination (CPA-026 and attached maps) for exact wetland
boundaries and determinations, or contact NRCS.



Farm: 4969

Tract: 7350

Total Field Acres:

Field 1: 16.4

Field 2: 7.6

Field 3: 4.5

Field 4: 1.8

Total: 30.3

Total Application Acres:

Field 1: 13.7

Field 2: 5.6

Field 3: 3.29

Field 4: 0.96

Total: 23.55

Field 1:

Total Field Acres: 16.4

Total Application Acres: 13.7

Field 2:

Total Field Acres: 7.6

Total Application Acres: 5.6

Field 3:

Total Field Acres: 4.5

Total Application Acres: 3.29

Field 4:

Total Field Acres: 1.8

Total Application Acres: 0.96

Legend

- Road 10 ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
- Application Area
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- Parcel
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Streams
- Occupied Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads

Dublin Farms

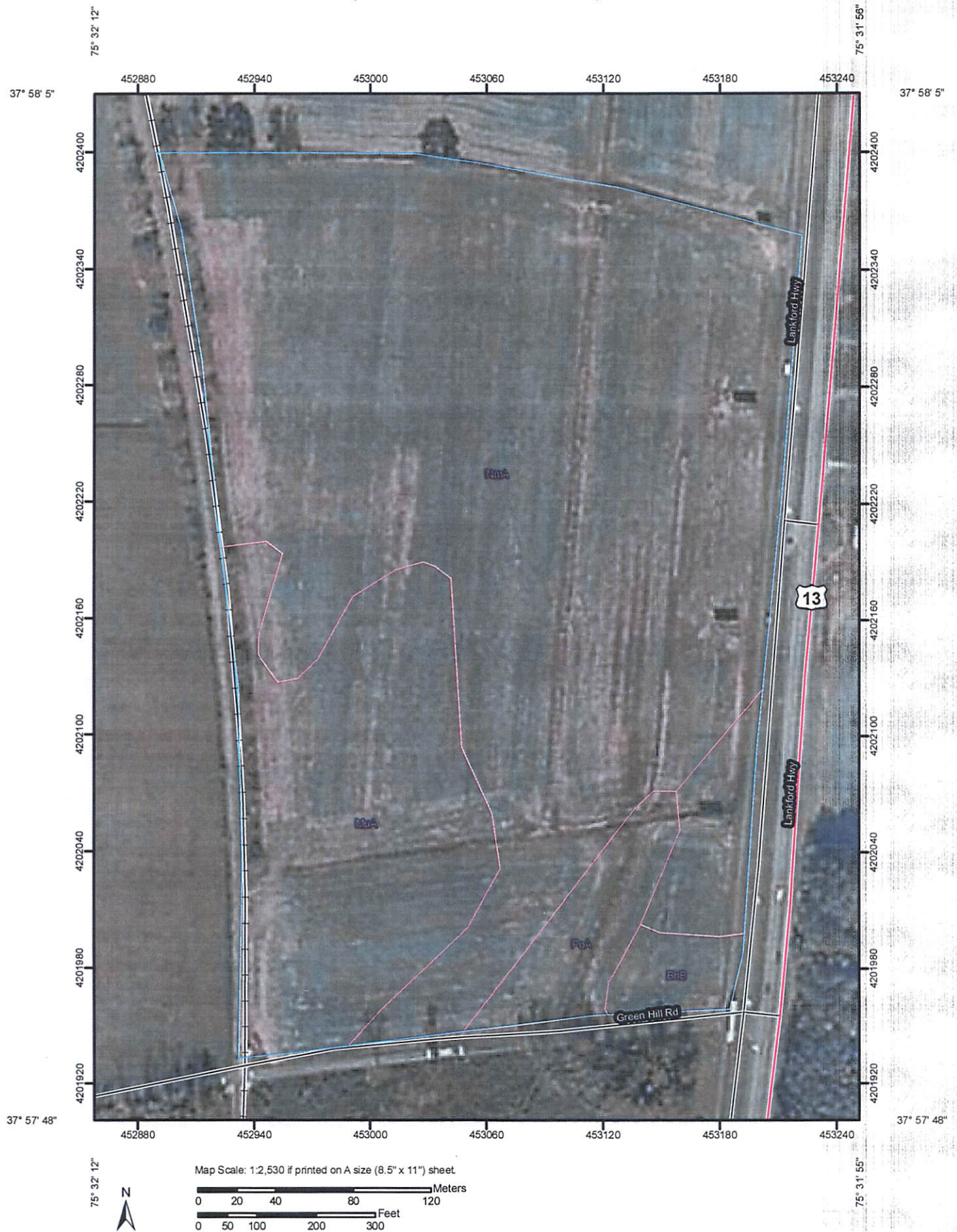
Scale:

1 inch = 248 feet

Compass:

N, S, E, W

Soil Map
(David Hickman - W. Birch Farm Field 1)



Natural Resources
Conservation Service


Web Soil Survey 2.1
National Cooperative Soil Survey

11/15/2008
Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Accomack County, Virginia
(David Hickman - W. Birch Farm Field 1)

MAP LEGEND




















Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Units

Special Point Features

-  Blowout
-  Borrow Pit
-  Clay Spot
-  Closed Depression
-  Gravel Pit
-  Gravelly Spot
-  Landfill
-  Lava Flow
-  Marsh or swamp
-  Mine or Quarry
-  Miscellaneous Water
-  Perennial Water
-  Rock Outcrop
-  Saline Spot
-  Sandy Spot
-  Severely Eroded Spot
-  Sinkhole
-  Slide or Slip
-  Sodic Spot
-  Spoil Area
-  Stony Spot

-  Very Stony Spot
-  Wet Spot
-  Other

Special Line Features

-  Gully
-  Short Steep Slope
-  Other






Political Features

-  Cities

Water Features

-  Oceans
-  Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

MAP INFORMATION

Map Scale: 1:2,530 if printed on A size (8.5" × 11") sheet.

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,840.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for accurate map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>
Coordinate System: UTM Zone 18N NAD83

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia
Survey Area Data: Version 7, Dec 20, 2007

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: 11/5/2004

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Map Unit Legend

Accomack County, Virginia (VA001)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	0.6	2.0%
MuA	Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	7.4	24.1%
NmA	Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	21.5	69.6%
PoA	Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	1.3	4.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		30.9	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Munden (90%)

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: NmA—Nimmo sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Nimmo (85%)**

The Nimmo component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 6 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Polawana (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Polawana soil is a minor component.

Map Unit: PoA—Polawana mucky sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded**Component: Polawana (95%)**

The Polawana component makes up 95 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on drainageways. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is very poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is frequently flooded. It is frequently ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 0 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 12 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6w. This soil meets hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (2%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Data: Version 7, Dec 20, 2007

Legend

Tax Parcel #/Owner:

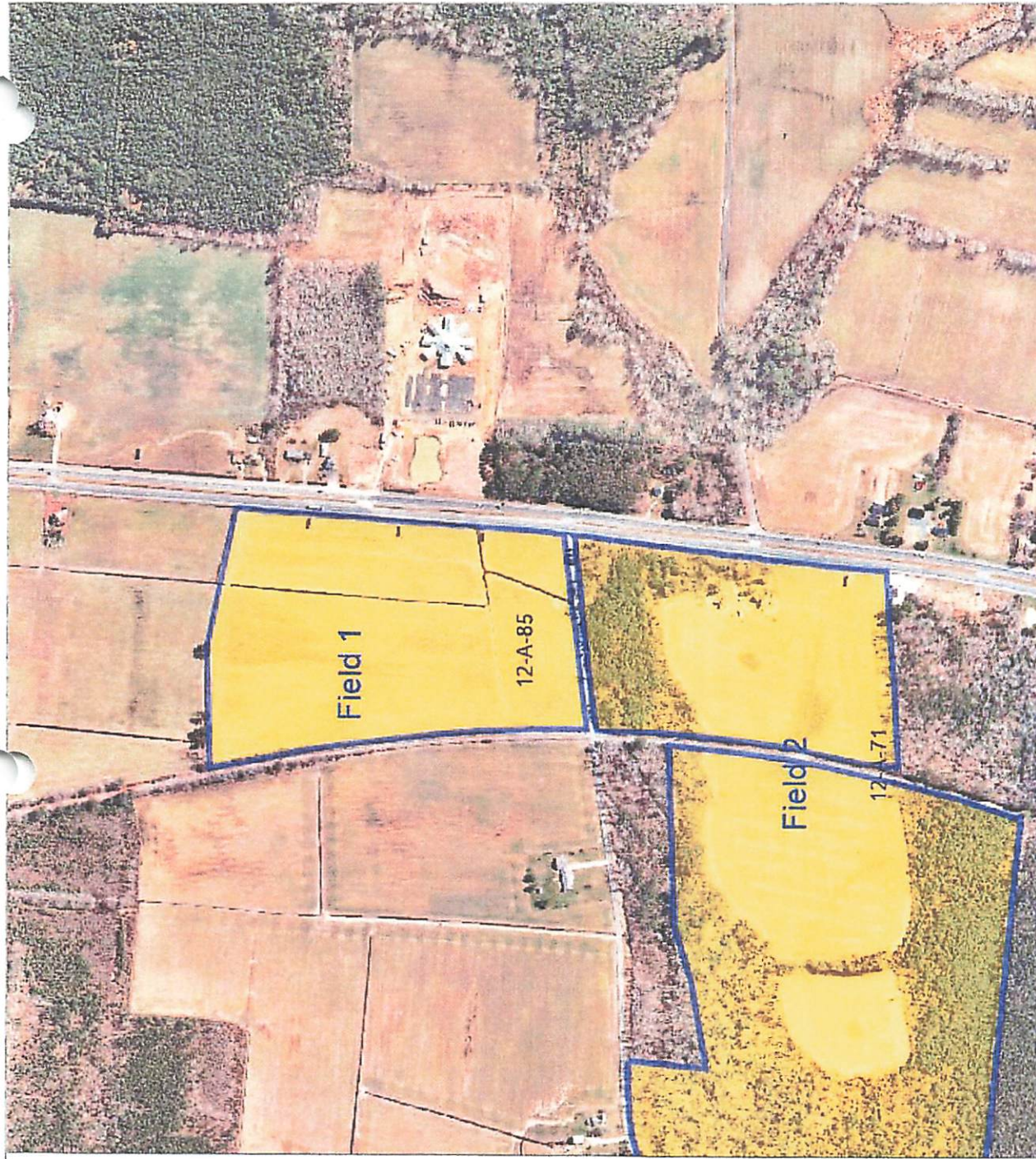
12-A-7' and 12-A-85:

Donald Birch Life Trust

Map Printed from AgencyMap
<http://aecomack.mapsdirect.net/>

Feet

0 200 400 600 800
 1:9,028 / 1"=752 Feet



Parcel: 12-A-85 and 12-A-71

Date: 9/14/2010

Disclaimer: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and Aecomack is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

F46 T7350 F43 T7419

4969

4969

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 10/9/00 between Donald Birch Life Trust here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods, referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>12-A-71</u>			
<u>12-A-85</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids
☐ Yes ☒ No

Water treatment residuals
☐ Yes ☒ No

Food processing waste
☒ Yes ☐ No

Other industrial sludges
☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>Donald B. Birch</u>	Mailing Address <u>5401 Woodland</u>	Landowner Signature <u>Donald B. Birch</u>
By: <u>PAIVIA</u>	<u>Chincoteague Va 23336</u>	
Title* <u></u>	Phone No. <u>757-336-6025</u>	
* <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc.		
* <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u>	Permittee-Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title <u>Complex Manager</u>	<u>Temperanceville, VA 22442</u>	
	Phone No. <u>257-824-3471</u>	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Donald BirchLife Trust

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil,
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Donald B. Birch
Landowner's Signature

10-9-20
Date

Landowner Coordination Form

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

County or City: Accomack County

Please Print

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

[illegible]



United States Department of Agriculture
Farm Service Agency

Farm: 4969
Tract: 7419

Accomack County

1:6,000

March 25, 2019

Disclaimer: Wetland identifiers do not represent the size, shape or specific determination of the area.
Refer to your original determination (CFA-020 and attached maps) for exact wetland
boundaries and determinations, or contact NRCS.



Farm: 4969
Tract: 7419
Dublin

Total Field Acres:
Field 1: 3.9
Field 2: 13.2
Field 3: 12.3
29.4

Total Application Acres:
Field 1: 3.9
Field 2: 13.2
Field 3: 8.66
25.76

Legend

- Stream
- Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
- Ag Ditch 10 ft Buffer
- Application Area
- 50 ft Property Buffer
- 35 ft Stream Buffer
- Ag Ditch
- Occupied/Dwellings
- 200 ft Occupied Dwelling Buffer
- Roads
- Parcel

Scale:
0 100 200 300 Feet
1 inch = 200 feet

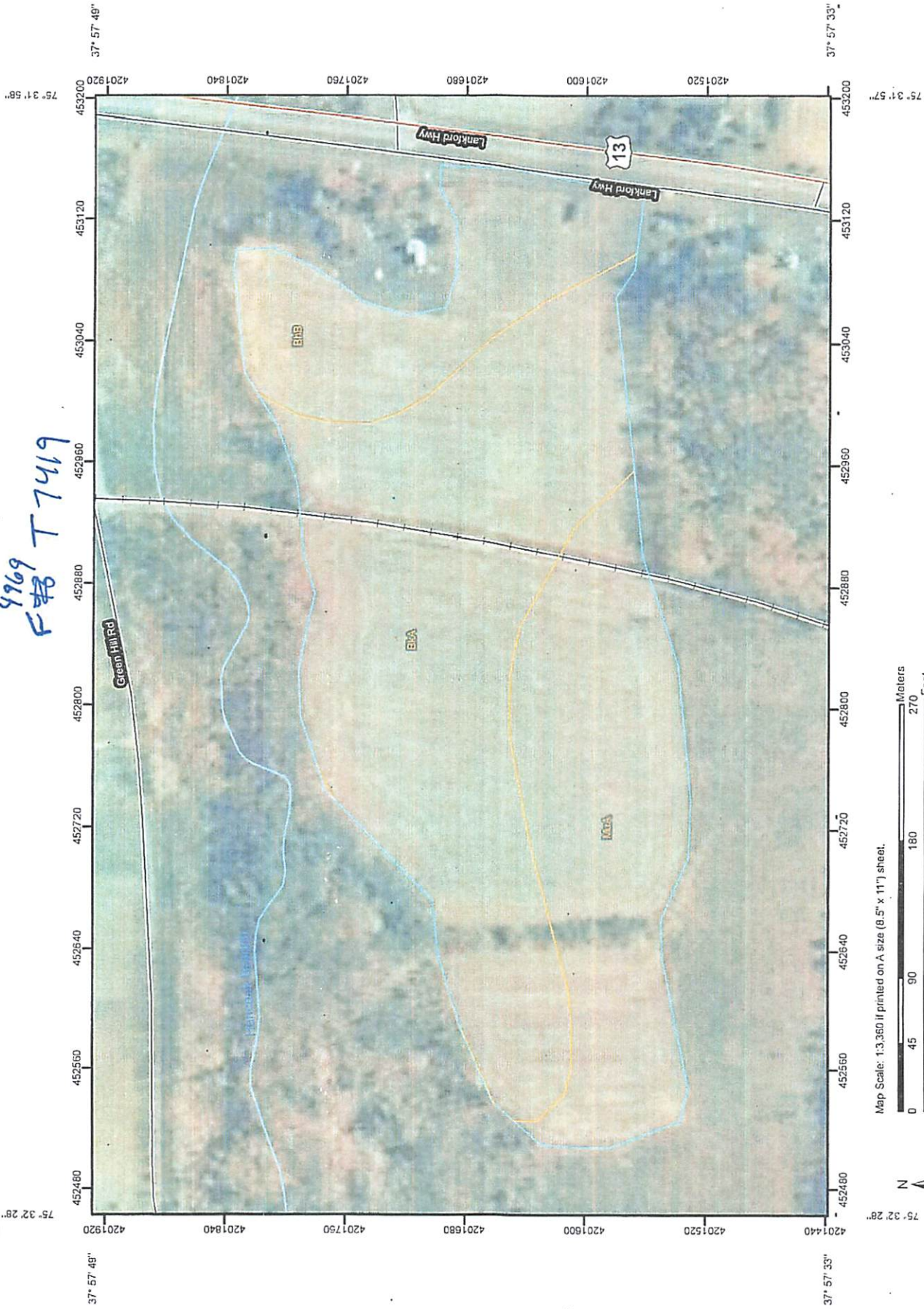
North Arrow:
N
E
S
W

(David Hickman

Map

Birch Farm Field 2)

9969
F#8 T 7419



Map Unit Legend

Accomack County, Virginia (VA001)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BhB	Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes	5.5	17.6%
BkA	Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	16.6	53.0%
MuA	• Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	9.2	29.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		31.3	100.0%

Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

The Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated) report displays a generated description of the major soils that occur in a map unit. Descriptions of non-soil (miscellaneous areas) and minor map unit components are not included. This description is generated from the underlying soil attribute data.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other Soil Data Mart reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the Soil Data Mart reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Accomack County, Virginia

Map Unit: BhB—Bojac loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: BkA—Bojac sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Component: Bojac (90%)

The Bojac component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 1. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map Unit: MuA—Munden sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes**Component: Munden (90%)**

The Munden component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on terraces. The parent material consists of marine sediments. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, April, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Component: Nimmo (6%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major components. The Nimmo soil is a minor component.

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Accomack County, Virginia

Survey Area Data: Version 7, Dec 20, 2007

12-0000

Tenn Forest Mgmt

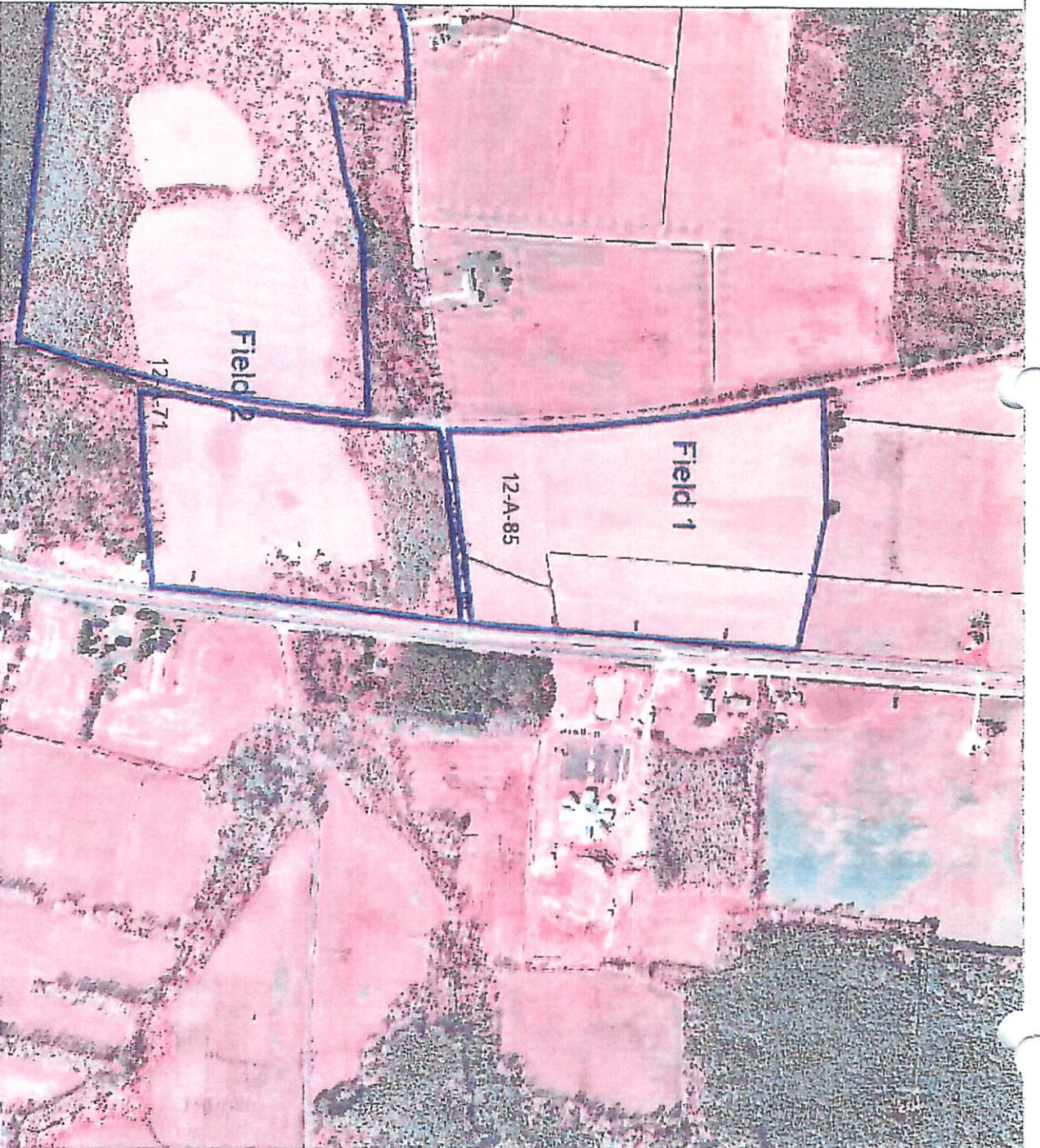
10-1-71 and 12-0-05

Donale Birch Life Trust

Map created from 1:50,000 and
1:25,000 scale maps

Feet

0 200 400 600 800
1:9,028 / 1"=752 Feet



NOTE: This drawing is neither a legally recorded map nor a survey and is not intended to be used as such. The information displayed is a compilation of records, information, and data obtained from various sources, and accuracy is not responsible for its accuracy or how current it may be.

9/1/19

F46 T7350

F43 T7419

4969

4969

VPA PERMIT APPLICATION FORM D: MUNICIPAL EFFLUENT AND BIOSOLIDS

PART D-VI: LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT - BIOSOLIDS AND INDUSTRIAL RESIDUALS

A. This land application agreement is made on 10/9/20 between Donata Birch Life Trust referred to here as "Landowner", and Tyson Foods referred to here as the "Permittee". This agreement remains in effect until it is terminated in writing by either party or, with respect to those parcels that are retained by the Landowner in the event of a sale of one or more parcels, until ownership of all parcels changes. If ownership of individual parcels identified in this agreement changes, those parcels for which ownership has changed will no longer be authorized to receive biosolids or industrial residuals under this agreement.

Landowner:

The Landowner is the owner of record of the real property located in Accomack County, Virginia, which includes the agricultural, silvicultural or reclamation sites identified below in Table 1 and identified on the tax map(s) with county documentation identifying owners, attached as Exhibit A.

Table 1.: Parcels authorized to receive biosolids, water treatment residuals or other industrial sludges

Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID	Tax Parcel ID
<u>12-A-71</u>			
<u>12-A-85</u>			

☐ Additional parcels containing Land Application Sites are identified on Supplement A (check if applicable)

Check one: ☒ The Landowner is the sole owner of the properties identified herein.
☐ The Landowner is one of multiple owners of the properties identified herein.

In the event that the Landowner sells or transfers all or part of the property to which biosolids have been applied within 38 months of the latest date of biosolids application, the Landowner shall:

1. Notify the purchaser or transferee of the applicable public access and crop management restrictions no later than the date of the property transfer; and
2. Notify the Permittee of the sale within two weeks following property transfer.

The Landowner has no other agreements for land application on the fields identified herein. The Landowner will notify the Permittee immediately if conditions change such that the fields are no longer available to the Permittee for application or any part of this agreement becomes invalid or the information herein contained becomes incorrect.

The Landowner hereby grants permission to the Permittee to land apply residuals as specified below, on the agricultural sites identified above and in Exhibit A. The Landowner also grants permission for DEQ staff to conduct inspections on the land identified above, before, during or after land application of permitted residuals for the purpose of determining compliance with regulatory requirements applicable to such application.

Class B biosolids

☐ Yes ☒ No

Water treatment residuals

☐ Yes ☒ No

Food processing waste

☒ Yes ☐ No

Other industrial sludges

☐ Yes ☒ No

Printed name <u>Donald B. Birch</u>	Mailing Address <u>5401 Watauga Rd</u>	Landowner Signature <u>Donald B. Birch</u>
By: <u>Donata Birch Life Trust</u>	City/State/Zip <u>Chincoteague, VA 23336</u>	
Title <u></u>	Phone No. <u>757-336-6025</u>	
* <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I have authority to sign for the landowner as indicated by my title as Executor, Trustee or Power of attorney, etc.		
* <input type="checkbox"/> I certify that I am a responsible official [or officer] authorized to act on behalf of the corporation, partnership, proprietorship, LLC, municipality, state or federal agency, etc.		

Permittee:

Tyson Foods, the Permittee, agrees to apply biosolids and/or industrial residuals on the Landowner's land in the manner authorized by the VPA Permit Regulation and in amounts not to exceed the rates identified in the nutrient management plan prepared for each land application field by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia. The Permittee agrees to notify the Landowner or the Landowner's designee of the proposed schedule for land application and specifically prior to any particular application to the Landowner's land. Notice shall include the source of residuals to be applied.

Printed name <u>Kevin Taylor</u>	Mailing Address <u>P.O. Box 8</u>	Permittee-Authorized Representative Signature <u>Kevin Taylor</u>
Title <u>Complex Manager</u>	City/State/Zip <u>Temperanceville, VA 23442</u>	
	Phone No. <u>757-824-3471</u>	

VIRGINIA POLLUTION ABATEMENT PERMIT APPLICATION: PART D-VI LAND APPLICATION AGREEMENT

Permittee: Tyson Foods

County or City: Accomack County

Landowner: Donald BirchLife Trust

Landowner Site Management Requirements:

I, the Landowner, I have received a DEQ Biosolids Fact Sheet that includes information regarding regulations governing the land application of biosolids, the components of biosolids and proper handling and land application of biosolids.

I have also been expressly advised by the Permittee that the site management requirements and site access restrictions identified below must be complied with after biosolids have been applied on my property in order to protect public health, and that I am responsible for the implementation of these practices.

I agree to implement the following site management practices at each site under my ownership following the land application of biosolids at the site:

1. Notification Signs: I will not remove any signs posted by the Permittee for the purpose of identifying my field as a biosolids land application site, unless requested by the Permittee, until at least 30 days after land application at that site is completed.
2. Public Access
 - a. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least one year following any application of biosolids.
 - b. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for at least 30 days following any application of biosolids. No biosolids amended soil shall be excavated or removed from the site during this same period of time unless adequate provisions are made to prevent public exposure to soil, dusts or aerosols;
 - c. Turf grown on land where biosolids are applied shall not be harvested for one year after application of biosolids when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn, unless otherwise specified by DEQ.
3. Crop Restrictions:
 - a. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the biosolids/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after the application of biosolids.
 - b. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after the application of biosolids when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of four (4) or more months prior to incorporation into the soil.
 - c. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months when the biosolids remain on the land surface for a time period of less than four (4) months prior to incorporation.
 - d. Other food crops and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids;
 - e. Feed crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after the application of biosolids (60 days if fed to lactating dairy animals).
4. Livestock Access Restrictions:

Following biosolids application to pasture or hayland sites:

 - a. Meat producing livestock shall not be grazed for 30 days,
 - b. Lactating dairy animals shall not be grazed for a minimum of 60 days.
 - c. Other animals shall be restricted from grazing for 30 days;
5. Supplemental commercial fertilizer or manure applications will be coordinated with the biosolids and industrial residuals applications such that the total crop needs for nutrients are not exceeded as identified in the nutrient management plan developed by a person certified in accordance with §10.1-104.2 of the Code of Virginia;
6. Tobacco, because it has been shown to accumulate cadmium, should not be grown on the Landowner's land for three years following the application of biosolids or industrial residuals which bear cadmium equal to or exceeding 0.45 pounds/acre (0.5 kilograms/hectare).

Donald B. Birch
Landowner's Signature

10-9-20
Date

Landowner Coordination Form

Submission of completed Form D VPA Permit Application Workbook, Tabs 14.a and/or 14.b, supersedes the need to complete this Landowner Coordination Form.

County or City: Accomack County

(Landowner signatures are not required on this page)

Rev 6/11/2018b